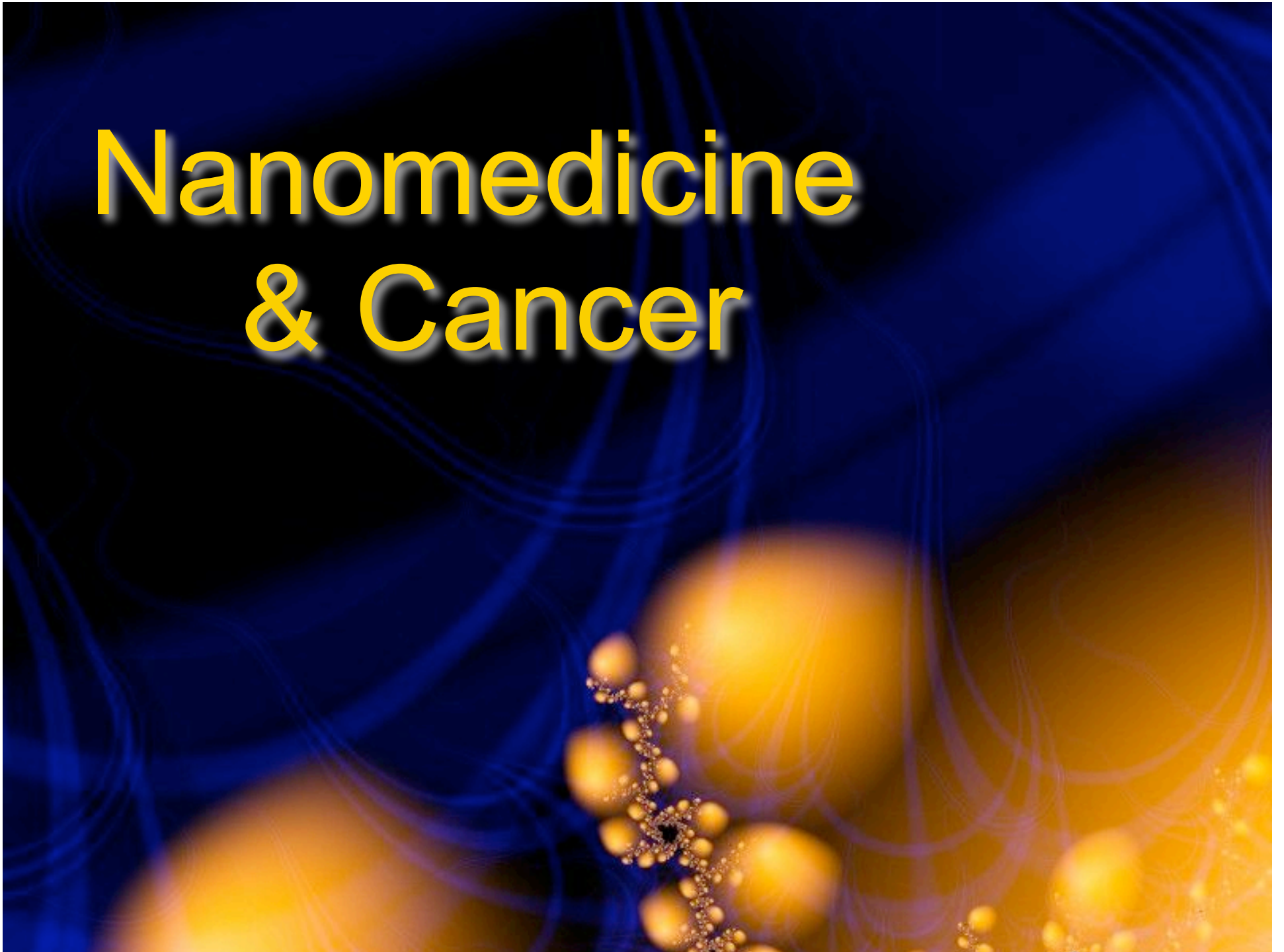


Nanomedicine & Cancer



Overview

Improve Diagnostics

- Nanowires
- Cantilevers
- Cancer imaging

Cancer Therapy

- Nanoshells
- Nanoparticles
- Targeting

Societal Implications

Improve diagnostics

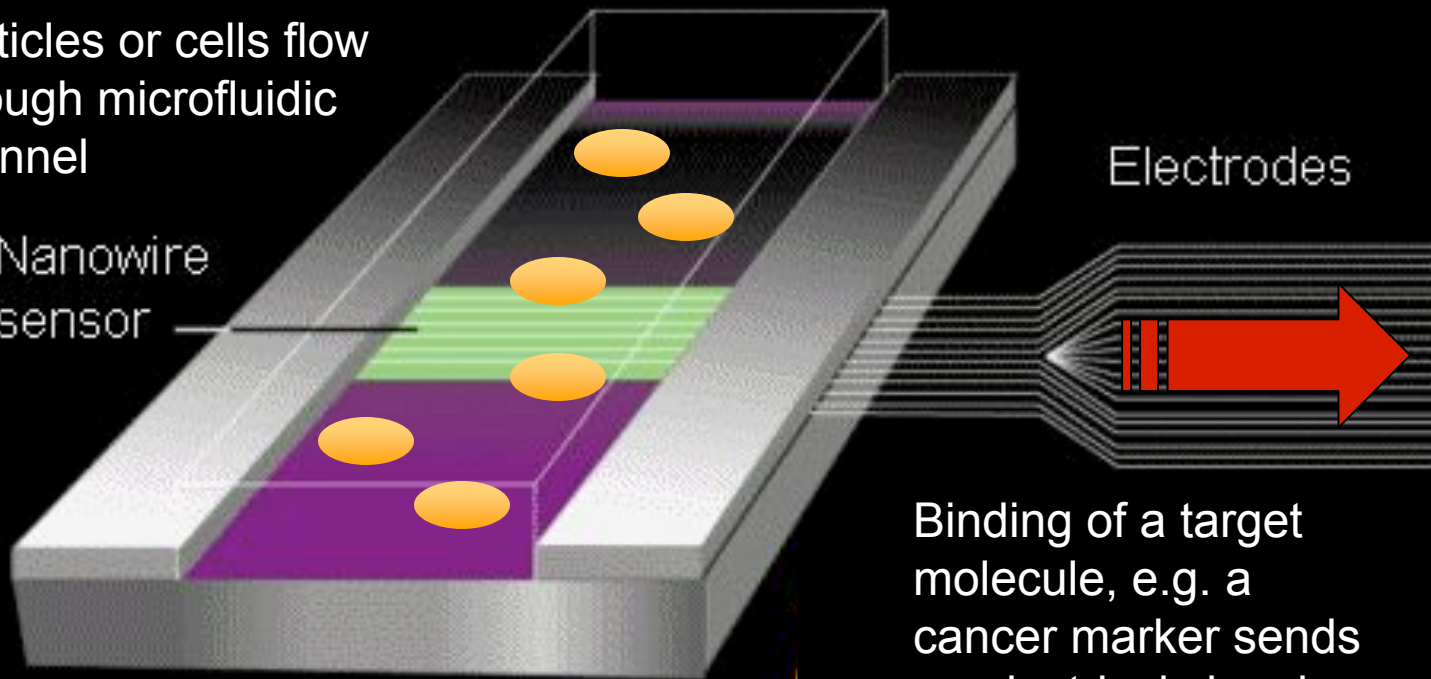
Nanowires

- Nanowires in a microfluidic channel
- Antibodies or oligonucleotides bound to nanowires
- Change in binding will form an electrical signal that is detected

Particles or cells flow through microfluidic channel

Nanowire sensor

Electrodes

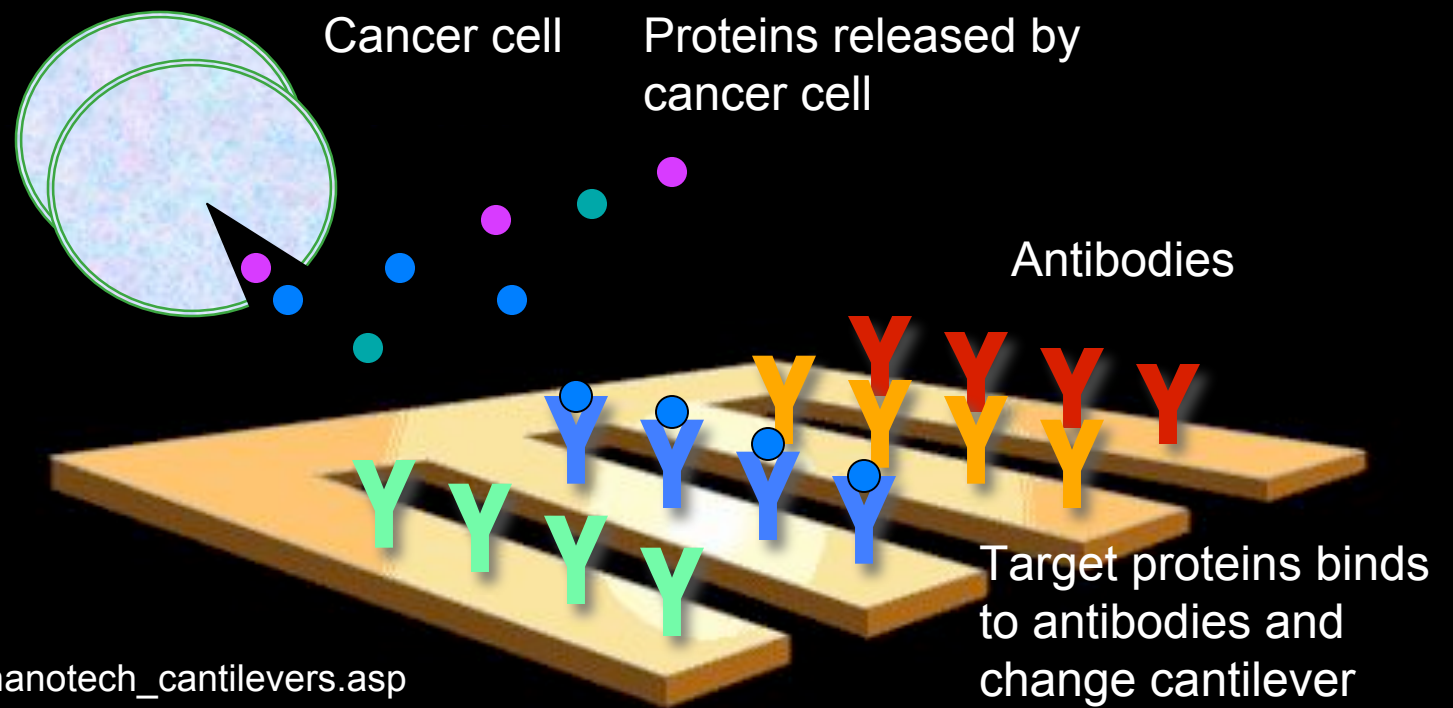


Binding of a target molecule, e.g. a cancer marker sends an electrical signal

Improve diagnostics

Cantilevers

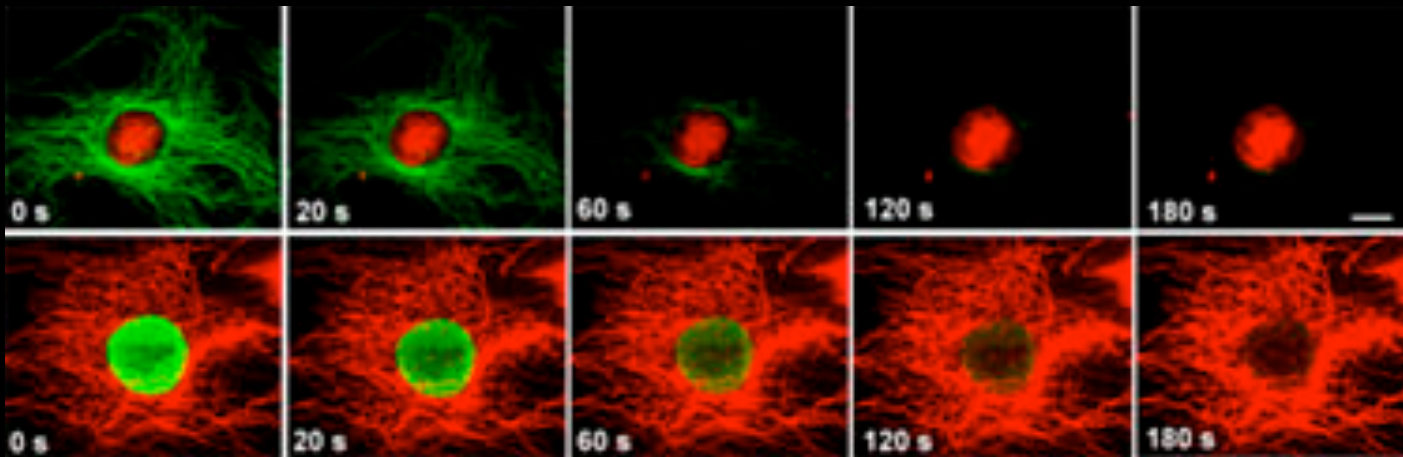
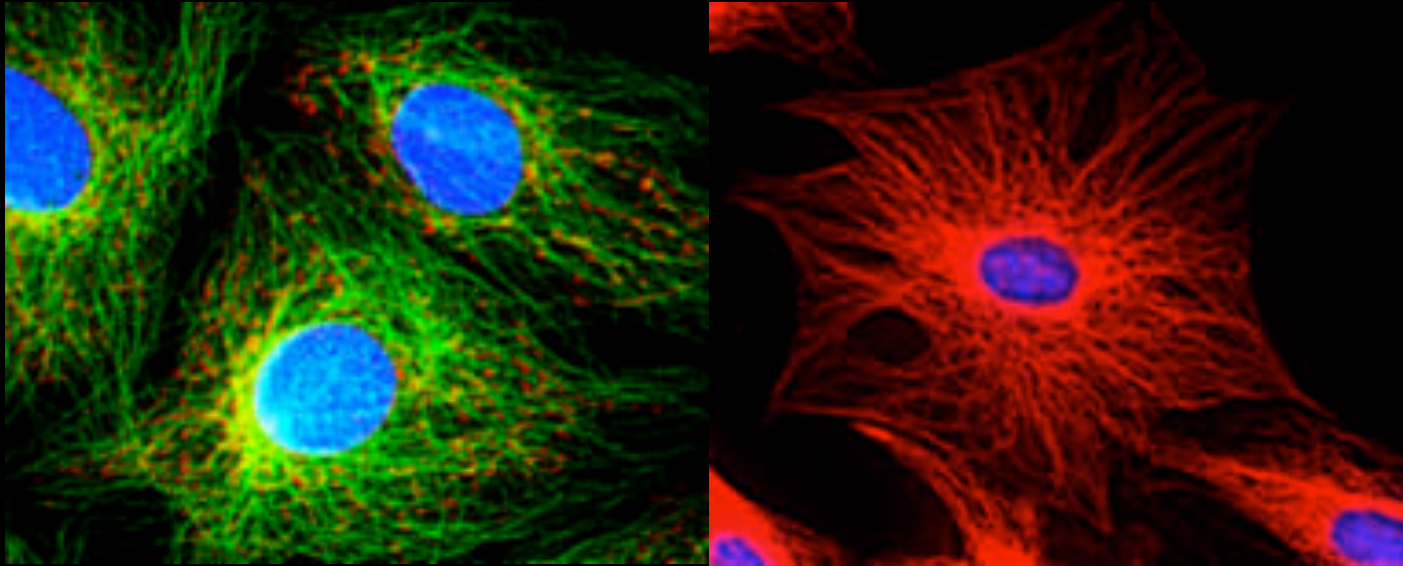
- Built using semiconductor lithographic techniques
- “Springboards” coated with antibodies
- Bound cancer marker e.g. protein changes physical property of cantilever



Improve diagnostics

Imaging

- Superparamagnetic nanoparticles for magnetic resonance imaging
- Quantum dots linked to antibodies
- Capable of detecting multiple cancer markers
- Photostable

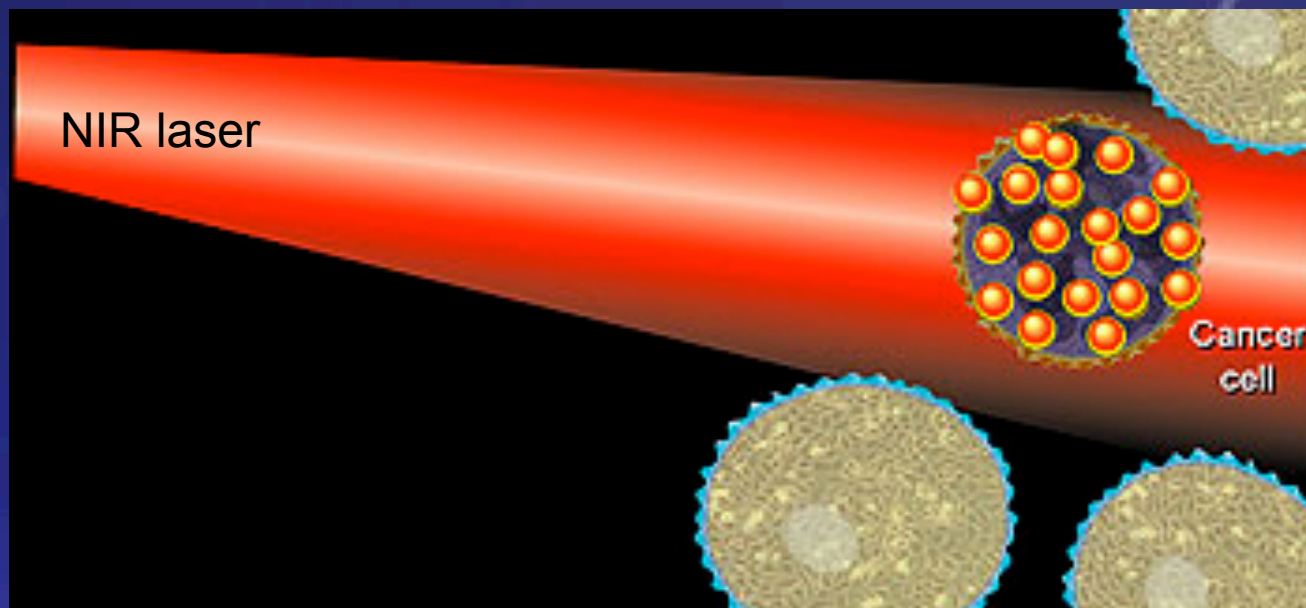


Pictures: <http://www.qdots.com/live/render/content.asp?id=56>

Cancer Therapy

Nanoshells

- Silica core with ultrathin metallic shell
- Optical absorption at near infrared region (NIR)
- Converts absorbed light into heat, thermal surgical blade
- Enhance permeation retention allows specificity for cancer cells



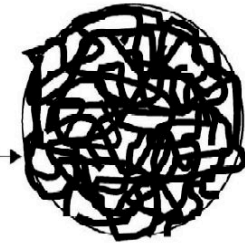
Cancer Therapy

Nanoparticles

- Nanospheres and nanocapsules
- Materials include poly(isobutylcyanoacrylate) poly(isohexylcyanoacrylate), poly(methylcyanoacrylate) and biodegradable poly(ethylcyanoacrylate)
- Dendrimers, spherical polymers from branched monomers
- Multifunctional cancer agent

Nanosphere

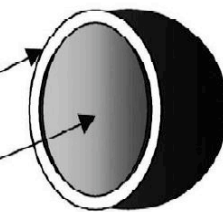
Polymeric matrix



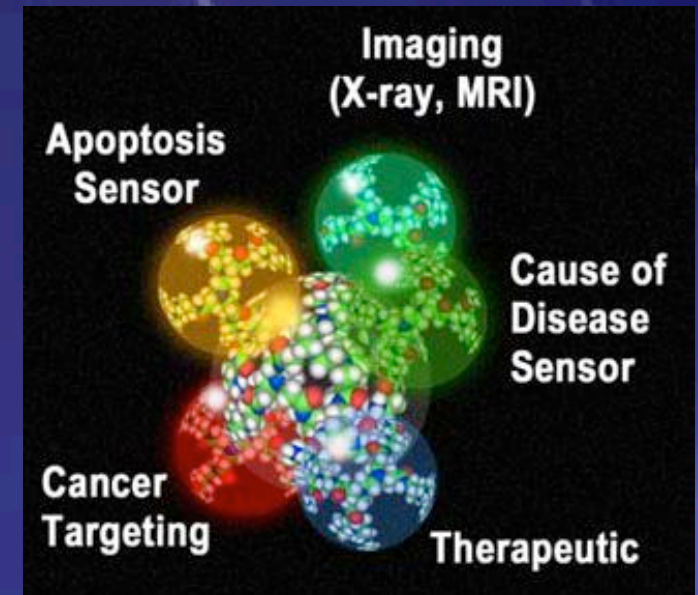
Nanocapsule

Polymeric membrane

Oily or aqueous core



I. Brigger et. al. 2002



Cancer Therapy

Targeting

- Specifically target nanoshells and nanoparticles to cancer cells
- Antibodies
- Receptor ligands
- Surface modifications e.g. coatings

Societal Implications

Potential toxicity

- Effects of nanoparticles and nanoshells in the body
- Evade body's immune system
- Cross blood-brain barrier
- Increase reactivity of nanoparticles

Environmental Concerns

- Excretion and disposal of nanomedicine

Definition of progress

- positive impact for everyone or the wealthy?
- increase healthcare costs